

**JBoss Portlet Bridge**

# **Reference Guide**

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## **JBoss Portlet Bridge Overview**

To get an idea of the JBoss Portlet Bridge community, the developers, and for wiki information, checkout [\*the project page\*](#) [<http://www.jboss.org/portletbridge/>].

### **What is the JBoss Portlet Bridge?**

The JBoss Portlet Bridge (or JPB for short) is an implementation of the [\*JSR-301\*](#) [<http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=301>] specification which supports JSF within a portlet and with added enhancements to support other web frameworks (such as [\*Seam\*](#) [<http://www.seamframework.org/>] and [\*RichFaces\*](#) [<http://www.jboss.org/jbosssrichfaces/>]). It basically allows any Java developer to get started quickly with their JSF web application running in a portal environment. The developer no longer needs to worry about the underlying portlet development, portlet concepts, or the API.

### **Understanding how JSF works with Portal**

The portlet bridge isn't a portlet. It's the mediator between the two environments and allows JSF and Portal to be completely unaware of each other and live in their own separate worlds. The bridge is used to execute Faces requests on behalf of the portlet. During each request, the Faces environment is setup and handled by the bridge. Part of this implementation acts as a Faces controller much as the FacesServlet does in the direct client request world. The other part of this implementation is provided by implementing a variety of (standard) Faces extensions.



# Getting started with JBoss Portlet Bridge

JBoss Portlet Bridge not only gives you the ability to run JSF web applications in a portlet, but also gives you the benefit of running supported JBoss frameworks like Seam and RichFaces.

## 1. Bridge Frameworks and Extensions

The JBoss Portlet Bridge currently supports JBoss Portal, JSF 1.2, JBoss Seam, and JBoss Richfaces. There are configurations that apply to supporting each framework. See section [Chapter 2, Bridge Configuration](#) for configuration instructions.

The JBoss Portlet Bridge project is also actively developing extensions that enhance or bring together features of JBoss Portal, Seam, and Richfaces. For example, the PortalIdentity seam component allows you to drop the jar in your classpath and you instantly have SSO between Seam and Portal. This extension can also be configured with additional attributes in your Seam application's components.xml file.

 **Note**

Don't forget that the bridge is still in Beta and so are any extensions. If you would like to contribute to any part of this project, we encourage you to be active on the [user forum](#) [<http://www.jboss.com/index.html?module=bb&op=viewforum&f=273>] and bring issues/enhancements to attention.

Archetype	Command
Single Sign On	<p>By including the following dependency in your web pom, you will automatically have SSO between Jboss Portal and your seam application.</p> <pre>&lt;dependency&gt; &lt;groupId&gt;org.jboss.portletbridge.extensions.seam&lt;/groupId&gt; &lt;artifactId&gt;PortalIdentity&lt;/artifactId&gt; &lt;version&gt;1.0.0.B3&lt;/version&gt; &lt;/dependency&gt;</pre>

**Table 1.1. Available Extensions**

## 2. Before you start

Current version and compatibility information can be easily located on the [JBPB wiki](http://www.jboss.org/wiki/JBossPortletBridge) [<http://www.jboss.org/wiki/JBossPortletBridge>]. Ensure you are using compatible versions of all integrated frameworks before you begin.

JBoss Portal provides its latest distribution included in JBoss Application Server. All of the guesswork has been eliminated so that you can unzip and run Portal with a few clicks. [Get the latest here](http://www.jboss.org/jbossportal/download/index.html) [<http://www.jboss.org/jbossportal/download/index.html>] (ensure you choose the JBoss Portal + JBoss AS link)

Next, all that's left is to download the [JBoss Portlet Bridge distribution](http://www.jboss.org/portletbridge/download/) [<http://www.jboss.org/portletbridge/download/>] and configure your portlet to use the bridge. Or, you can run a provided archetype [Section 3, “Maven Archetypes”](#) and deploy the generated war in a few easy steps. This will also give you an empty project to play around with or start from scratch.

For system requirements and setting up your JBoss Portal environment see the [reference guide](http://docs.jboss.com/jbportal/v2.6.4/referenceGuide/html_single/#supportedversions) [[http://docs.jboss.com/jbportal/v2.6.4/referenceGuide/html\\_single/#supportedversions](http://docs.jboss.com/jbportal/v2.6.4/referenceGuide/html_single/#supportedversions)].

## 3. Maven Archetypes

The JPB project utilizes [Maven archetypes](http://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-archetypes.html) [<http://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-archetypes.html>] which allow you get up and running with different flavors of the bridge quickly.

Archetype	Command
JSF 1.2 Basic	<pre>mvn archetype:generate  - DarchetypeGroupId=org.jboss.portletbridge.archetypes -DarchetypeArtifactId=1.2-basic -DarchetypeVersion=1.0.0.B3 -DgroupId=org.whatever.project -DartifactId=myprojectname  -DarchetypeRepository=http://repository.jboss.org/ maven2/</pre>
RichFaces Basic	<pre>mvn archetype:generate  - DarchetypeGroupId=org.jboss.portletbridge.archetypes -DarchetypeArtifactId=richfaces-basic -DarchetypeVersion=1.0.0.B3 -DgroupId=org.whatever.project -DartifactId=myprojectname  -DarchetypeRepository=http://repository.jboss.org/ maven2/</pre>

**Table 1.2. Available Archetypes**

### 3.1. Running the Examples

 **JSF 1.2 Basic, RichFaces Basic, and the Seam Booking Demo**

Each example application is configured to download the latest versions of JBoss Portal bundled with JBoss Application Server. After running the archetype *Section 3, “Maven Archetypes”* or *downloading the source code* [<http://www.jboss.org/portletbridge/download/>] for the example application that you’re interested in, you can run one of the following Maven profiles to save time and get everything up and running with only 2 commands.

**JBoss Portal 2.6.5.SP1 + JBoss AS 4.2.2 (Bundled)**

```
mvn install cargo:start -Premote-portal
-Dportal-2.6.5.SP1
```

```
mvn cargo:deploy -Premote-portal -Dportal-2.6.5.SP1
```

### JBoss Portlet Container 2.0 + JBoss AS 4.2.2 (Bundled)

```
mvn install cargo:start -Premote-portal -Dpc20  
mvn cargo:deploy -Premote-portal -Dpc20
```

*To use a locally configured server bundled with portal, use the following command line parameters. The variable for JBOSS\_HOME\_DIR is related to how you zip the server directory. If you zip the files under JBOSS\_HOME/\* then it will only be the name of your archive. But if you zip the actual folder JBOSS\_HOME then JBOSS\_HOME\_DIR must be defined as 'zip file name/JBOSS\_HOME folder name'.*

### JBoss Portal 2.6.5.SP1

```
mvn install cargo:start  
-Plocal-portal  
-DJBOSS_ZIP_HOME=/path_to_bundle_zip/jboss-portal-  
2.6.5.SP1-bundled.zip -DJBOSS_HOME_DIR=jboss-portal-  
2.6.5.SP1-bundled/jboss-portal-2.6.5.SP1  
mvn cargo:deploy -Plocal-portal -DJBOSS_ZIP_HOME=/  
path_to_bundle_zip/jboss-portal-2.6.5.SP1-bundled.zip  
-DJBOSS_HOME_DIR=jboss-portal-2.6.5.SP1-bundled/jboss-  
portal-2.6.5.SP1
```

### PortletContainer 2.0

```
mvn install cargo:start  
-Plocal-portal  
-DJBOSS_ZIP_HOME=/path_to_bundle_zip/Jboss-4.2.2-  
PC20.zip -DJBOSS_HOME_DIR=Jboss-4.2.2-PC20  
mvn cargo:deploy -Plocal-portal -DJBOSS_ZIP_HOME=/  
path_to_bundle_zip/Jboss-4.2.2-PC20.zip  
-DJBOSS_HOME_DIR=Jboss-4.2.2-PC20
```

# Bridge Configuration

The 301 specification is aimed at making the developers life as easy as possible with JSF+Portlet development. You will see below that there are minimal settings to getting any JSF web application up and running in the Portal environment.

## 1. Core Setup and Configuration

### 1.1. portlet.xml

The basic JSR-301 portlet configuration.

```
<portlet>
    <portlet-name>yourPortletName</portlet-name>
    <portlet-class>
        javax.portlet.faces.GenericFacesPortlet
    </portlet-class>

    <init-param>
        <name>javax.portlet.faces.defaultViewId.view</name>
        <value>/welcome.xhtml</value>
    </init-param>

    <init-param>
        <name>javax.portlet.faces.defaultViewId.edit</name>
        <value>/jsf/edit.xhtml</value>
    </init-param>

    <init-param>
        <name>javax.portlet.faces.defaultViewId.help</name>
        <value>/jsf/help.xhtml</value>
    </init-param>
```

When `preserveActionParams` is set to TRUE, the bridge must maintain any request parameters assigned during the portlet's action request. The request parameters are maintained in the "*bridge request scope*". When this attribute isn't present or is FALSE the action's request parameters are only maintained for the duration of the *portlet request scope*.

```
<init-param>

<param-name>javax.portlet.faces.preserveActionParams</param-name>
<param-value>true</param-value>
```

```
<init-param>
```

### 1.2. faces-config.xml

The PortletViewHandler ensures that each JSF portlet instance is properly namespaced.

```
<faces-config>
  <application>
    <view-handler>
      org.jboss.portletbridge.application.PortletViewHandler
    </view-handler>

    <state-
      manager>org.jboss.portletbridge.application.PortletStateManager</
      state-manager>
    </application>
  ...

```

### 1.3. web.xml

```
<web-app xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee
  http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee/web-app_2_4.xsd"
  version="2.4">
  ...
  <!-- This is optional parameters for a facelets based
  application -->
  <context-param>
    <param-name>org.ajax4jsf.VIEW_HANDLERS</param-name>

    <param-
      value>org.jboss.portletbridge.application.FaceletPortletViewHandler</
      param-value>
  </context-param>

```

- **ALWAYS\_DELEGATE** Indicates the bridge should not render the view itself but rather always delegate the rendering.

- NEVER\_DELEGATE Indicates the bridge should always render the view itself and never delegate.
- DEFAULT Directs the bridge to first delegate the render and if and only if an Exception is thrown then render the view based on its own logic. If the configuration parameter is not present or has an invalid value the bridge renders using default behavior. I.e. as if DEFAULT is set.

```
<context-param>

<param-name>javax.portlet.faces.renderPolicy</param-name>
    <param-value>
        ALWAYS_DELEGATE
    </param-value>
</context-param>

    ...
</web-app>
```

## 1.4. JSR-301

The Jboss Portlet Bridge can be used with a any compatible implementation ( for example, MyFaces implementation). Simply put the following into web.xml :

```
<context-param>

<param-name>javax.portlet.faces.BridgeImplClass</param-name>

<param-value>org.apache.myfaces.portlet.faces.bridge.BridgeImpl</
param-value>
</context-param>
```

## 2. RichFaces Setup and Configuration Options

### 2.1. web.xml

The following configuration is designated for portlets using the RichFaces library. These settings will vary based on your individual needs. See [this section](#) [<http://www.jboss.org/file-access/default/members/jbosssrichfaces/freezone/docs/devguide/en/html/ArchitectureOverview.html#ScriptsandStylesLoadStrategy>] of the RichFaces documentation for more details.

```
<context-param>

<param-name>org.richfaces.LoadStyleStrategy</param-name>
    <param-value>NONE</param-value>
</context-param>
<context-param>

<param-name>org.richfaces.LoadScriptStrategy</param-name>
    <param-value>NONE</param-value>
</context-param>
```

The `org.ajax4jsf.RESOURCE_URI_PREFIX` configuration cross references a setting in your `jboss-portal.xml` file (see below). These settings are required for RichFaces.

```
<context-param>

<param-name>org.ajax4jsf.RESOURCE_URI_PREFIX</param-name>
    <param-value>rfRes</param-value>
</context-param>

<filter>
    <display-name>Ajax4jsf Filter</display-name>
    <filter-name>ajax4jsf</filter-name>
    <filter-class>org.ajax4jsf.Filter</filter-class>
</filter>

<filter-mapping>
    <filter-name>ajax4jsf</filter-name>
    <servlet-name>FacesServlet</servlet-name>
    <dispatcher>FORWARD</dispatcher>
    <dispatcher>REQUEST</dispatcher>
    <dispatcher>INCLUDE</dispatcher>
</filter-mapping>
...
</web-app>
```

## 2.2. jboss-portal.xml

To avoid scripts loading more than once from different portlet windows you can define additional scripts in `jboss-portlet.xml`. \*Note the "rfRes" URI prefix that is mapped in the `web.xml`.

```
<portlet>
    <portlet-name>ajaxPortlet</portlet-name>
    <header-content>
        <script
src="/faces/rfRes/org/ajax4jsf/framework.pack.js"
type="text/javascript"></script>
        <script src="/faces/rfRes/org/richfaces/ui.pack.js"
type="text/javascript"></script>
        <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"
href="/faces/rfRes/org/richfaces/skin.xcss"/>
    </header-content>
</portlet>
```

## 3. Seam Setup and Configuration Options

### 3.1. Configuration

The ExceptionHandler is used to clean Seam contexts and transactions after errors.

```
<context-param>

<param-name>org.jboss.portletbridge.ExceptionHandler</param-name>
    <param-value>
        org.jboss.portletbridge.SeamExceptionHandlerImpl
    </param-value>
</context-param>
```

Earlier 2.0.x versions of Seam portlets must have the LIFECYCLE\_ID set to SEAM\_PORTLET in the web.xml. This setting allows the bridge to replace the original Seam phase listener during the faces lifecycle addPhaseListeners. This setting is not needed for Seam portlets version 2.1.x and up.

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>javax.faces.LIFECYCLE_ID</param-name>
    <param-value>SEAM_PORTLET</param-value>
</context-param>
```



# Developing Portlets with the Bridge

This chapter demonstrates common development tasks described by the 301 specification.

## 1. Excluding Attributes from the Bridge Request Scope

When your application uses request attributes on a per request basis and you do not want that particular attribute to be managed in the extended bridge request scope, you must use the following configuration in your faces-config.xml. Below you will see that any attribute namespaced as foo.bar or any attribute beginning with foo.baz(wildcard) will be excluded from the bridge request scope and only be used per that application's request.

```
<application>
    <application-extension>
        <bridge:excluded-attributes>

            <bridge:excluded-attribute>foo.bar</bridge:excluded-attribute>

            <bridge:excluded-attribute>foo.baz.*</bridge:excluded-attribute>
        </bridge:excluded-attributes>
    </application-extension>
</application>
```

